nature, so also will happen to be the case with "darkness" when so resisted, 1 am inclined to assume that there must be substances that can radiate *'darkness" in the same way as there are those that can radiate light, and also substances that are transparent to those radiations as well as others that are opaque to them, I remember having come across a very peculiar word in a Tamil dictionary published by the Goveanment of Madras, that seems to me very suggestive in this connection and the word referred to is **iruladityam", which means the "dark Sun", Our present-day scientists also admit that there are many such "Suns" moving about in space, and if they are supposed to emit dark or the ultra rays, I think my proposition is established. Of course every one knows nowadays that our visual sense cannot receive light impressions, beyond a certain limit or range above and below, i.e. its scope lies only somewhere between the ultra-red on the one hand and the ultra-violet on the

other. We may very well assume that either by virtue of some artificial stimuli that raised our capacity to perceive or indirectly due to some form of resistance in nature by those ultra rays, there